

- 1. What is jurisdiction? Describe the different types of jurisdiction.
- 2. What does a grand jury do?
- 3. What types of guarantees are associated with a fair trial?
- 4. Who appoints and confirms federal judges?
- 5. Why are federal judges appointed for life?



- 1. What are the different categories of crimes?
- 2. Name and describe the three types of opinion the Supreme Court can issue?
- 3. What is the purpose of a dissenting opinion?
- 4. Review the process for hearing cases in the Supreme Court.
- 5. What is the difference between judicial activism and judicial restraint?



- 1. What does the Due Process Clause guarantee?
- 2. What has been the effect of the 14th Amendment's Due Process Clause on individual rights?
- 3. How does the Supreme Court exemplify checks and balances?
- 4. What Supreme Court decision guaranteed the right to adequate defense?
- 5. What Supreme Court decision helped protect individuals from self-incrimination?



- 1. What Supreme Court decision ended segregation?
- 2. What is the purpose of an Amicus brief and who can file one?
- 3. What is the purpose of a Writ of certiorari?
- 4. What is the term for the accuser in a criminal case? In a civil case?
- 5. What is the term for the person accused in both a criminal and civil case?

Judicial Branch

- 1. What types of guarantees are associated with a fair trial?
- 2. What is the difference between a felony and a misdemeanor
- 3. Describe the following steps of the criminal justice process:
 - Arraignment
 - Plea bargain
 - Verdict
 - Appeal